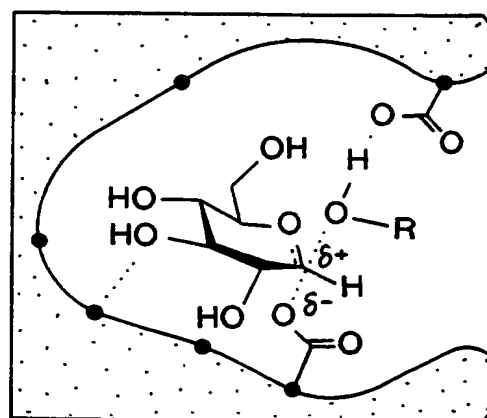


ground state binding  
[E-S]



transition state binding  
[E-S]<sup>‡</sup>  
R = aglycon residue

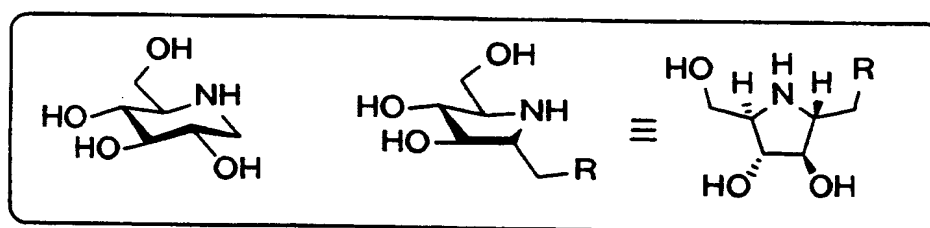


FIG. 1

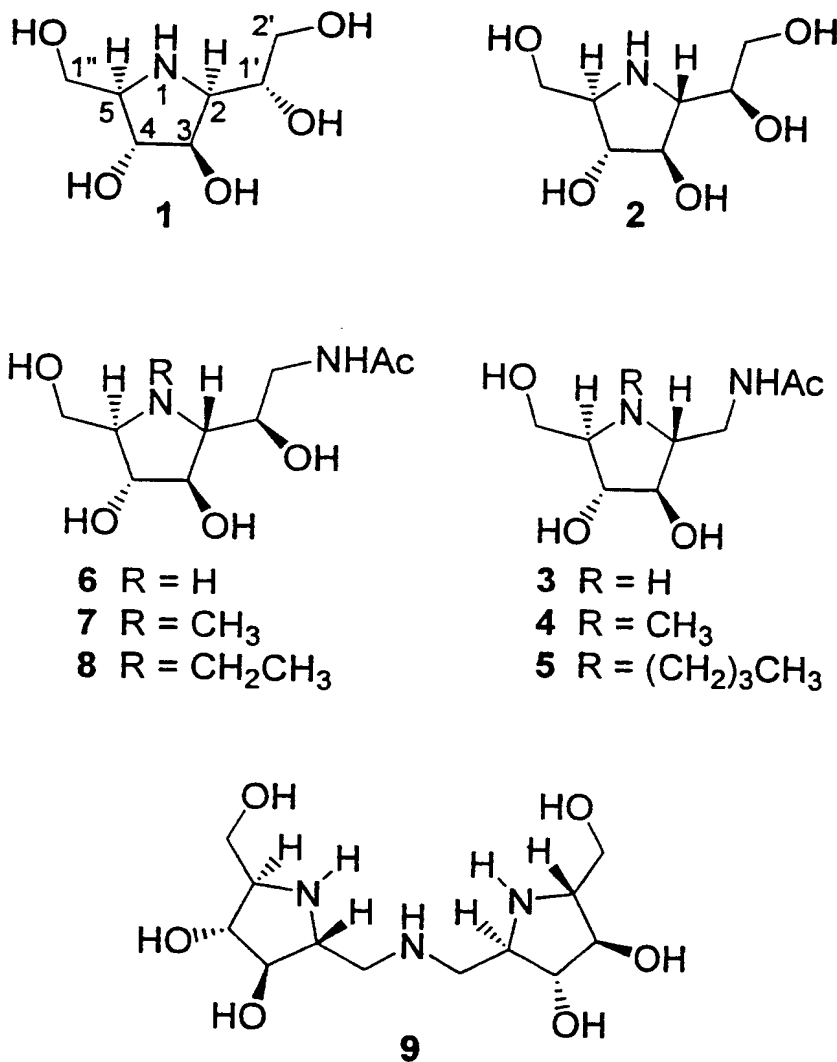


FIG. 2

compd	$K_i$ ( $\mu$ M)				
	$\alpha$ -glucosidase <sup>a</sup>	$\beta$ -glucosidase <sup>b</sup>	$\beta$ -N-acetylglucosaminidase	$\beta$ -N-acetylhexosaminidase	
	<i>Saccaromyces</i> sp	sweet almond	bovine kidney <sup>c</sup>	human placenta A <sup>d</sup>	p <sup>e</sup>
1 <sup>f</sup>	330	50	<sup>h</sup>	-	-
2 <sup>f</sup>	28	2.6	-	-	-
3	380	*g	2.9 x 10 <sup>-1</sup>	2.2 x 10 <sup>-1</sup>	2.6 x 10 <sup>-1</sup>
4	ni	ni	1.1 x 10 <sup>-1</sup>	1.4 x 10 <sup>-1</sup>	8.0 x 10 <sup>-2</sup>
5	ni	ni	1.3	5.1 x 10 <sup>-1</sup>	2.4 x 10 <sup>-1</sup>
6	*	2.2	*	-	-
7	*	45	*	-	-
8	ni	120	ni <sup>i</sup>	-	-
9	53	37	-	-	-

3 / 20

<sup>a</sup>  $K_m$  = 0.30 mM,  $V_{max}$  = 0.7 ( $\mu$ M/s)/mg. <sup>b</sup>  $K_m$  = 3.2 mM,  $V_{max}$  = 3.2 ( $\mu$ M/s)/mg. <sup>c</sup>  $K_m$  = 4.1 mM,  $V_{max}$  = 6.4 ( $\mu$ M/s)/mg. <sup>d</sup>  $K_m$  = 2.5 mM,  $V_{max}$  = 2.1 ( $\mu$ M/s)/mg. <sup>e</sup>  $K_m$  = 2.8 mM,  $V_{max}$  = 2.3 ( $\mu$ M/s)/mg. <sup>f</sup> Preliminary assay result using photometric assay gave  $K_i$  values: 430 and 18  $\mu$ M for compound 1 and 7.2 and 7.6  $\mu$ M for compound 2 toward  $\alpha$ -glucosidase and  $\beta$ -glucosidase, respectively. See also refs 6a and 19. <sup>g</sup> \*: poor inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub> above 0.5 mM. <sup>h</sup> -: not tested. <sup>i</sup> ni: not inhibitor.

FIG. 3

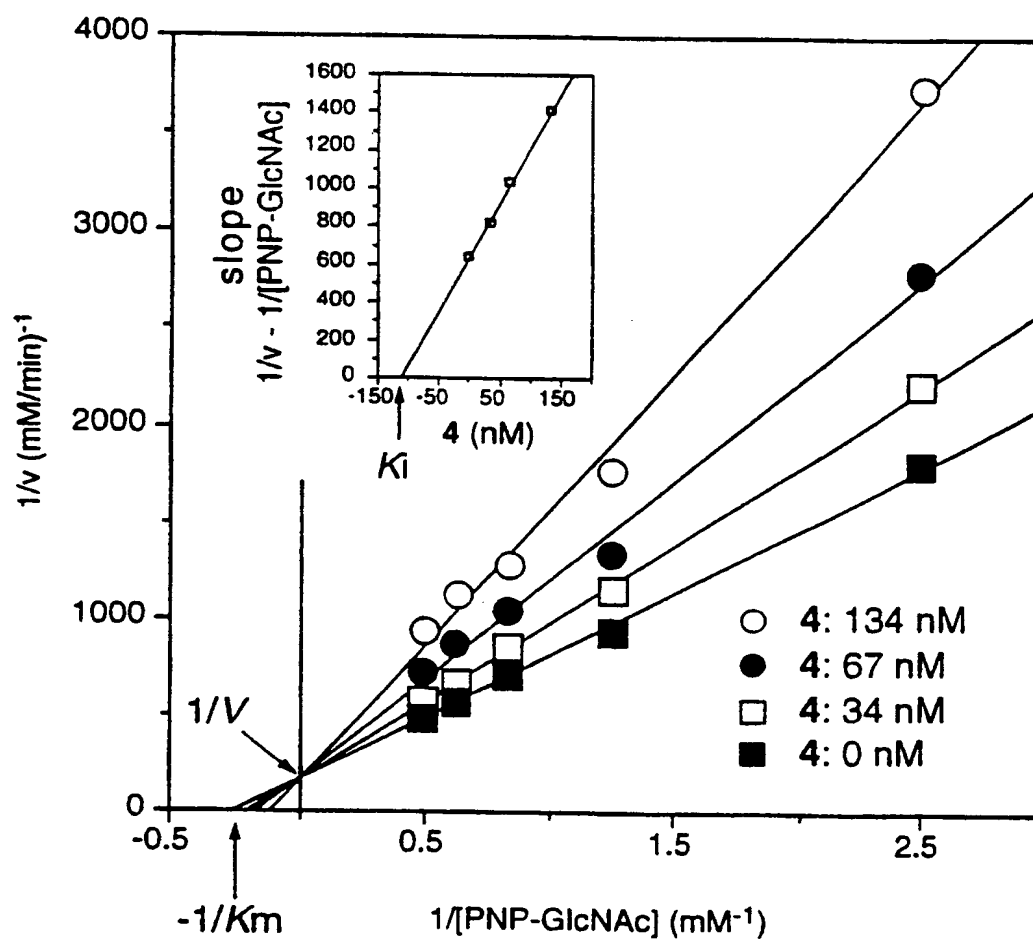
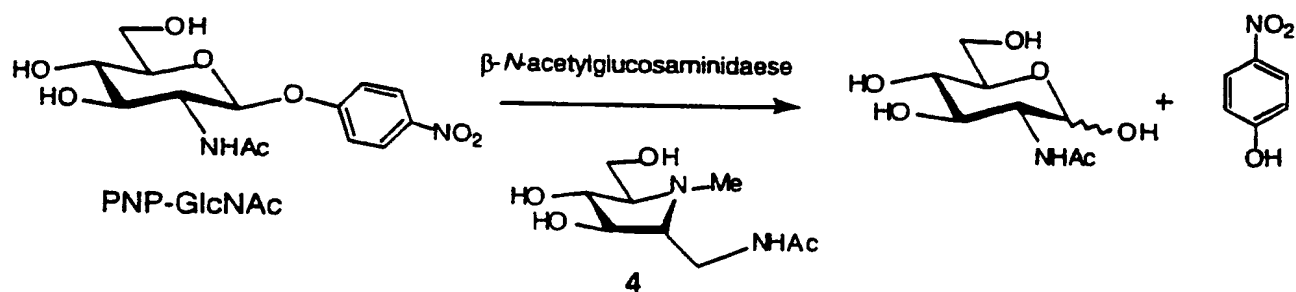
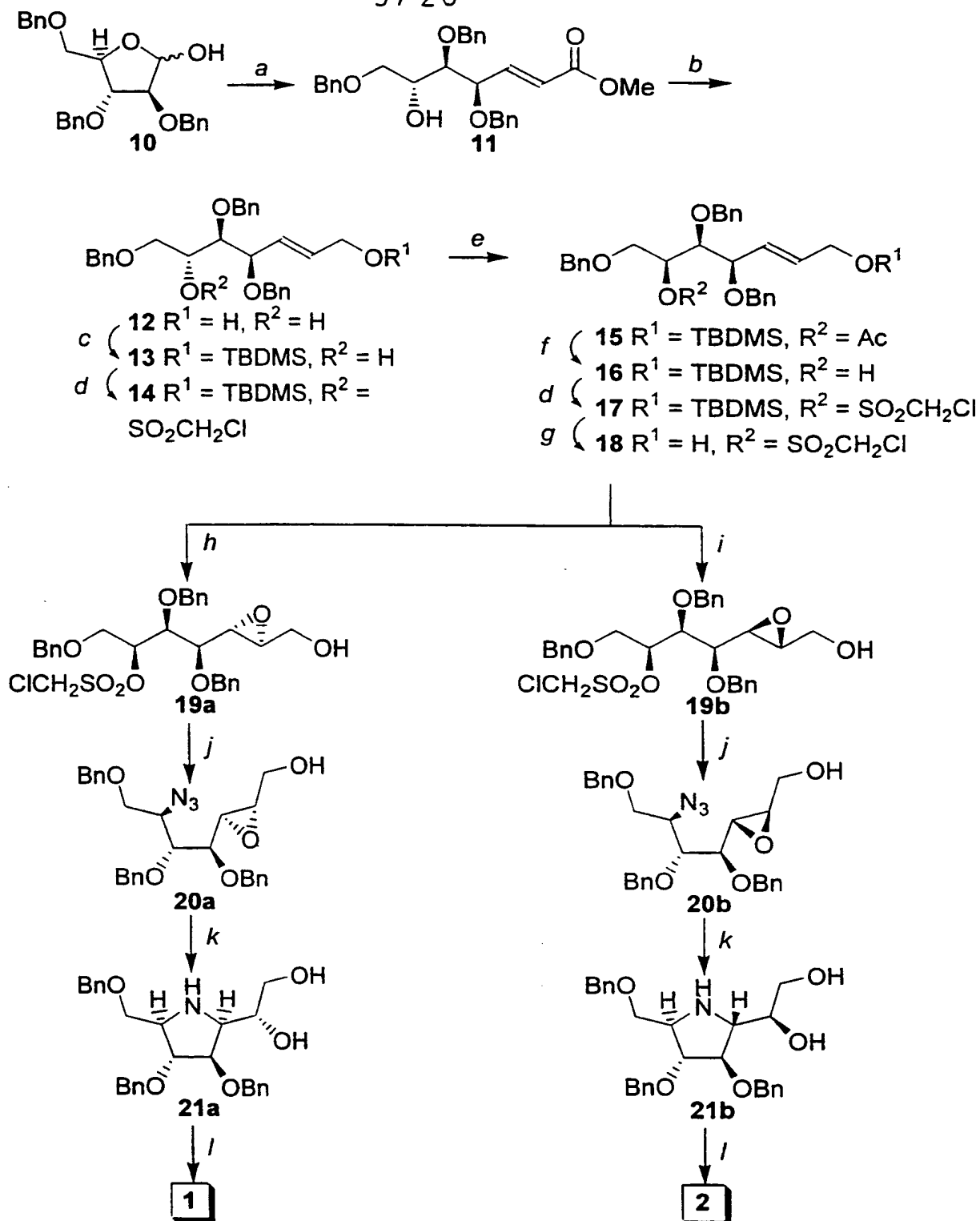


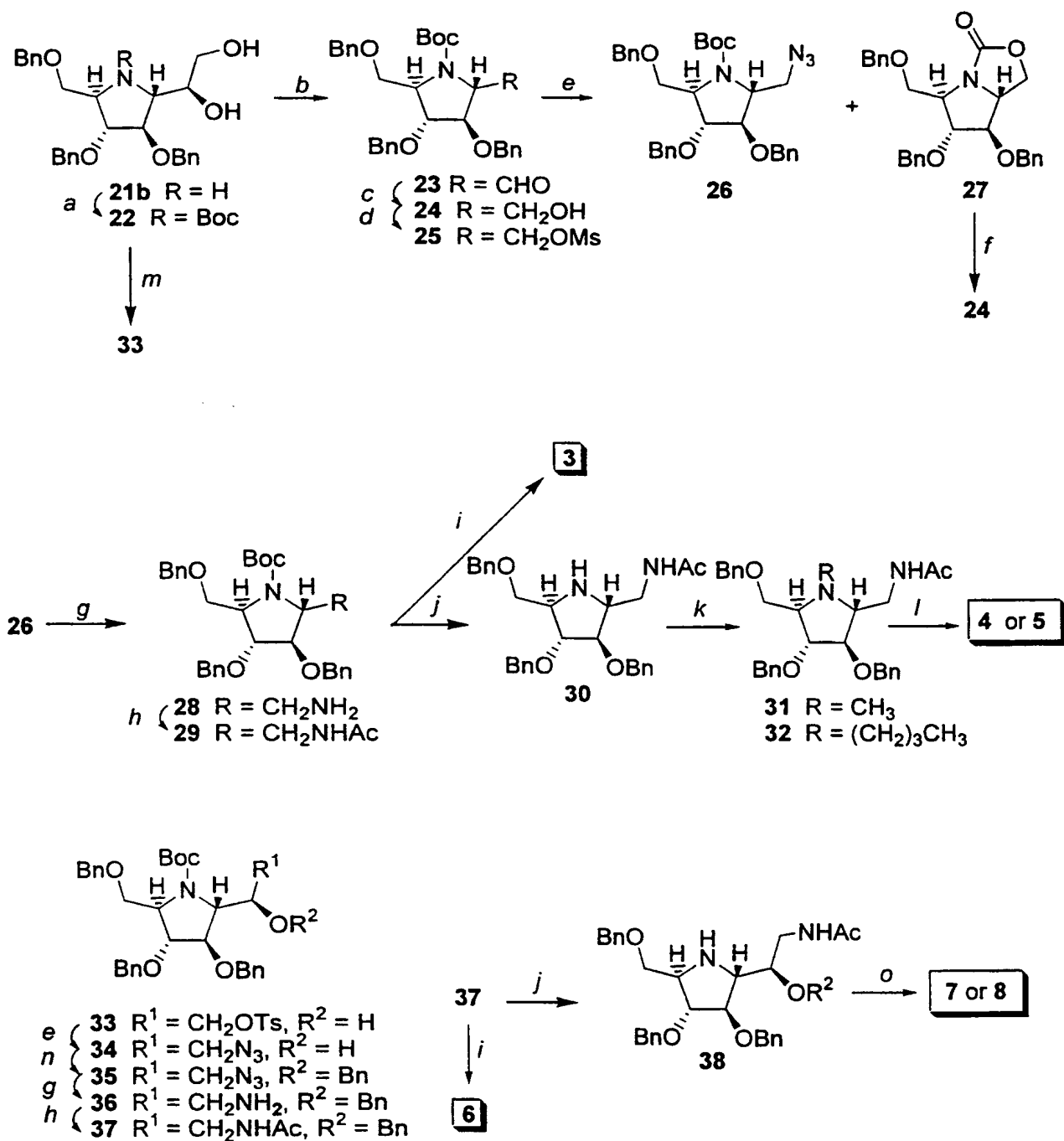
FIG. 4

5 / 20



a  $\text{Ph}_3\text{P}^+=\text{CHCO}_2\text{Me} \cdot ^-\text{OAc}$  / benzene; b DIBAL /  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ; c TBDMSCl -  $\text{Et}_3\text{N}$  - DMAP / DMF;  
 d  $\text{ClCH}_2\text{SO}_2\text{Cl}$  - Pyr.; e CsOAc - 18-crown-6 / toluene; f NaOMe; g 1N-HCl / THF; h  
*t*-BuOOH -  $\text{Ti}(\text{O-}i\text{-Pr})_4$  - L-(+)-diethyltartrate - MS 4A /  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ; i *t*-BuOOH -  $\text{Ti}(\text{O-}i\text{-Pr})_4$  -  
 D-(-)-diethyltartrate - MS 4A /  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ; j  $\text{NaN}_3$  / DMF; k  $\text{Ph}_3\text{P}$  / THF; l  $\text{H}_2$  - Pd/C / MeOH.

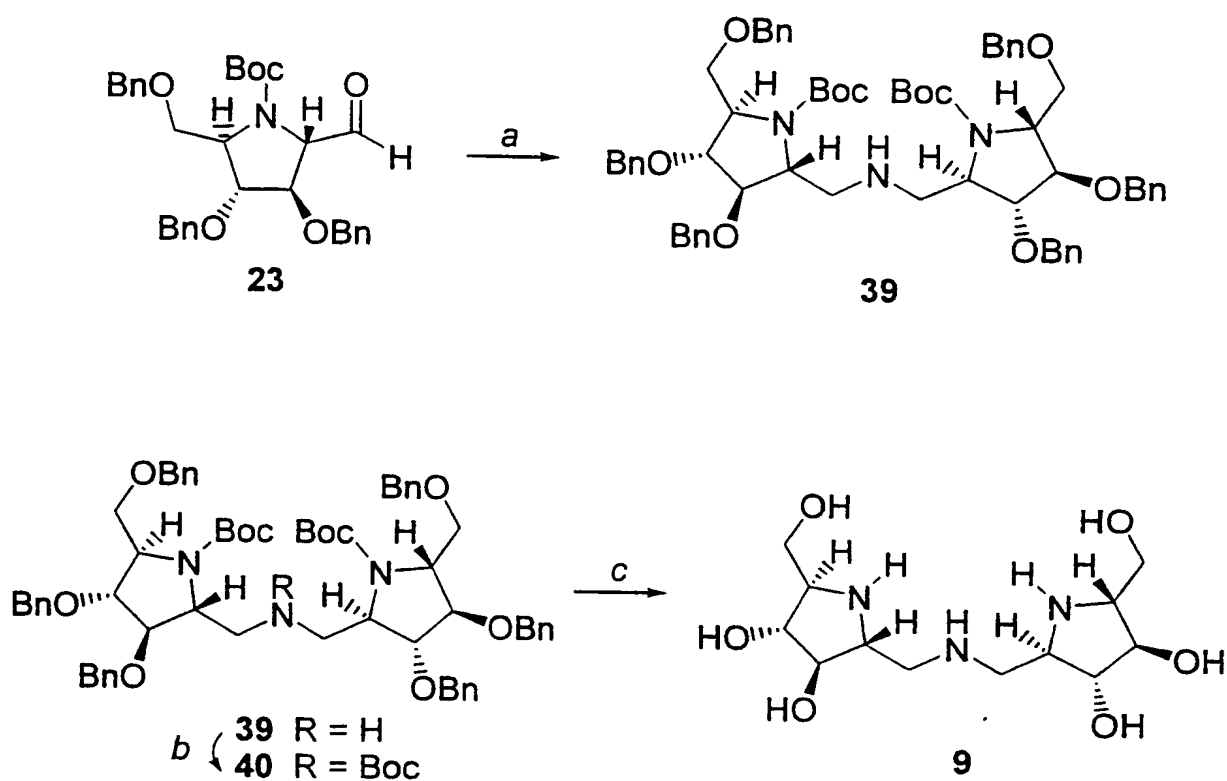
FIG. 5



*a*  $(\text{Boc})_2\text{O} - \text{Et}_3\text{N} / \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ; *b*  $\text{Pb}(\text{OAc})_4 / \text{toluene}$ ; *c*  $\text{DIBAL} / \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ; *d*  $\text{MsCl} - \text{Et}_3\text{N} / \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ;  
*e*  $\text{NaN}_3 / \text{DMF}$ ; *f* 1)  $\text{LiAlH}_4 / \text{THF}$ , 2)  $(\text{Boc})_2\text{O} - \text{Et}_3\text{N} / \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ; *g*  $\text{H}_2 - \text{Pd/C} / \text{MeOH}$ ; *h*  $\text{Ac}_2\text{O} - \text{Pyr.}$ ;  
*i* 1)  $\text{H}_2 - \text{Pd/C} / \text{MeOH} - \text{HCl}$ , 2)  $\text{TFA}$ ; *j*  $\text{TFA}$ ; *k*  $\text{CH}_2\text{O}$  or  $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{CHO} - \text{NaBH}_3\text{CN} / \text{MeOH}$ ; *l*  
 $\text{H}_2 - \text{Pd/C} / \text{MeOH} - \text{HCl}$ ; *m*  $\text{TsCl} - \text{Pyr.}$ ; *n*  $\text{BnBr} - \text{Ag}_2\text{O} - \text{KI} / \text{DMF}$ ; *o* 1)  $\text{CH}_2\text{O}$  or  $\text{CH}_3\text{CHO} - \text{NaBH}_3\text{CN} / \text{MeOH}$ , 2)  $\text{H}_2 - \text{Pd/C} / \text{MeOH} - \text{HCl}$ .

FIG. 6

7 / 20



**a**  $\text{NH}_4\text{OAc} - \text{NaBH}_3\text{CN} / \text{MeOH}$ ; **b**  $(\text{Boc})_2\text{O} - \text{Et}_3\text{N} / \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ; **c** 1)  $\text{Pd/C} / \text{MeOH} - \text{HCl}$ , 2)  $\text{TFA}$ .

FIG. 7

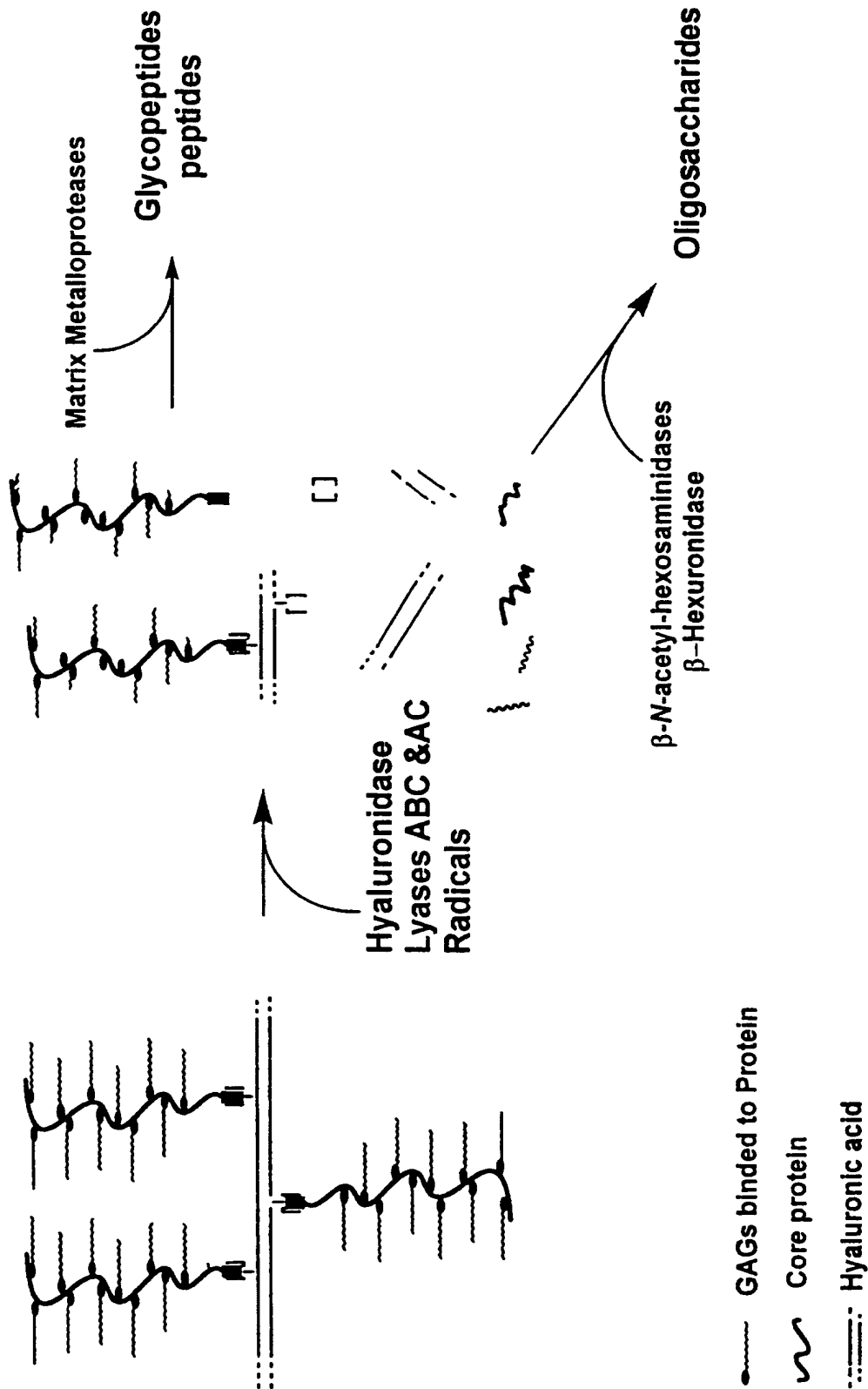
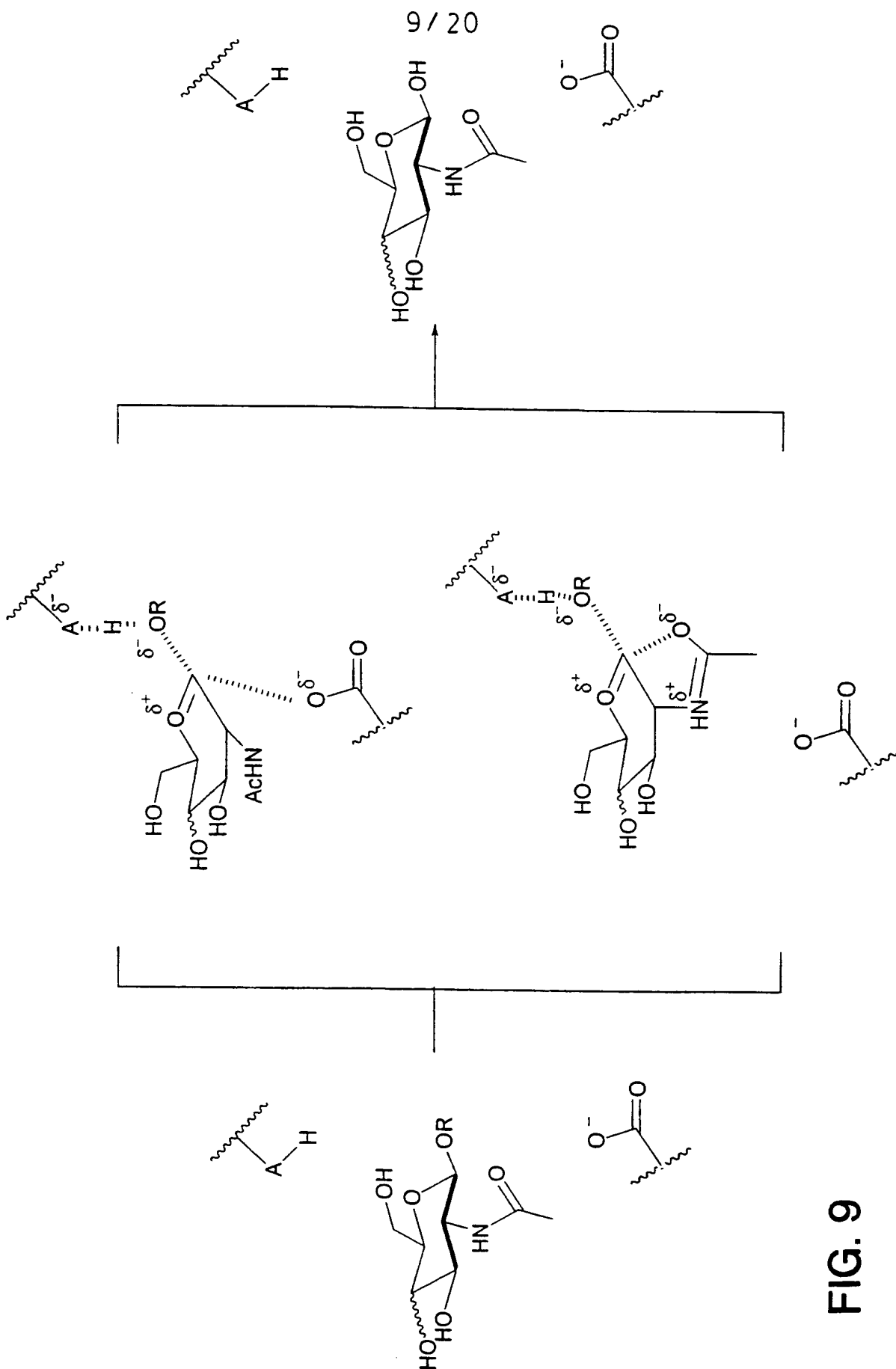


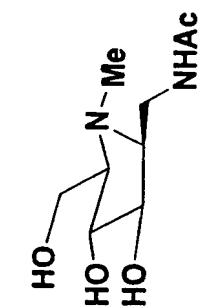
FIG. 8



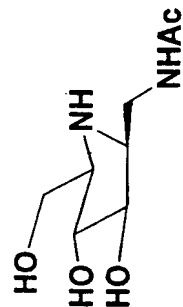


**FIG. 9**

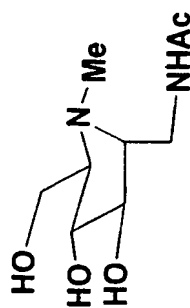
[illegible]



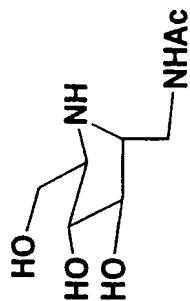
104



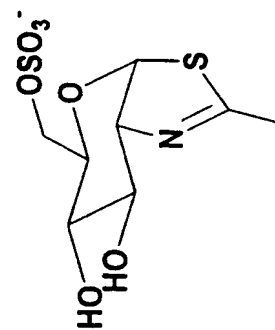
103



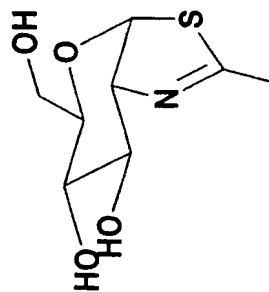
4



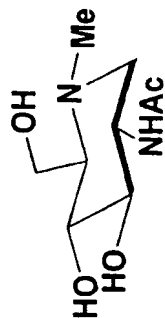
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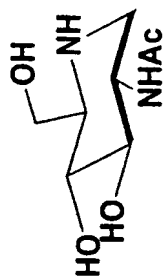
108



107



106



105

FIG. 10

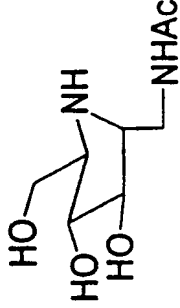
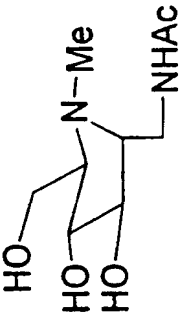
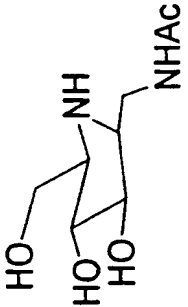
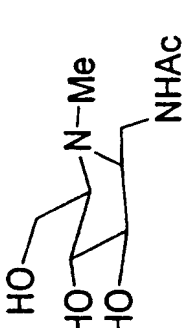
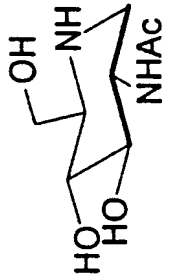
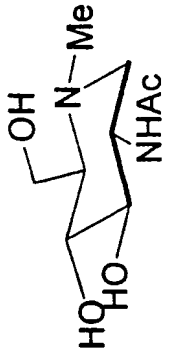
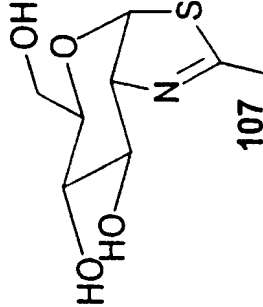
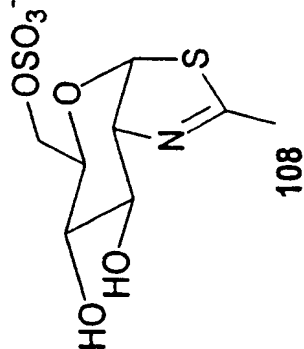
					
Ki	—	24nM	—	—	
					11 / 20
Ki	1200nM	860nM	IC <sub>50</sub> MUG < IC <sub>50</sub> MUGS ~ 10μm	IC <sub>50</sub> MUG = 100μm IC <sub>50</sub> MUGS < 10μm	
—	Not assayed yet				

FIG. 11

EFFECT OF SELECTED HEXOSAMINIDASE INHIBITORS ON INTRACELLULAR  
HEXOSAMINIDASE ACTIVITY

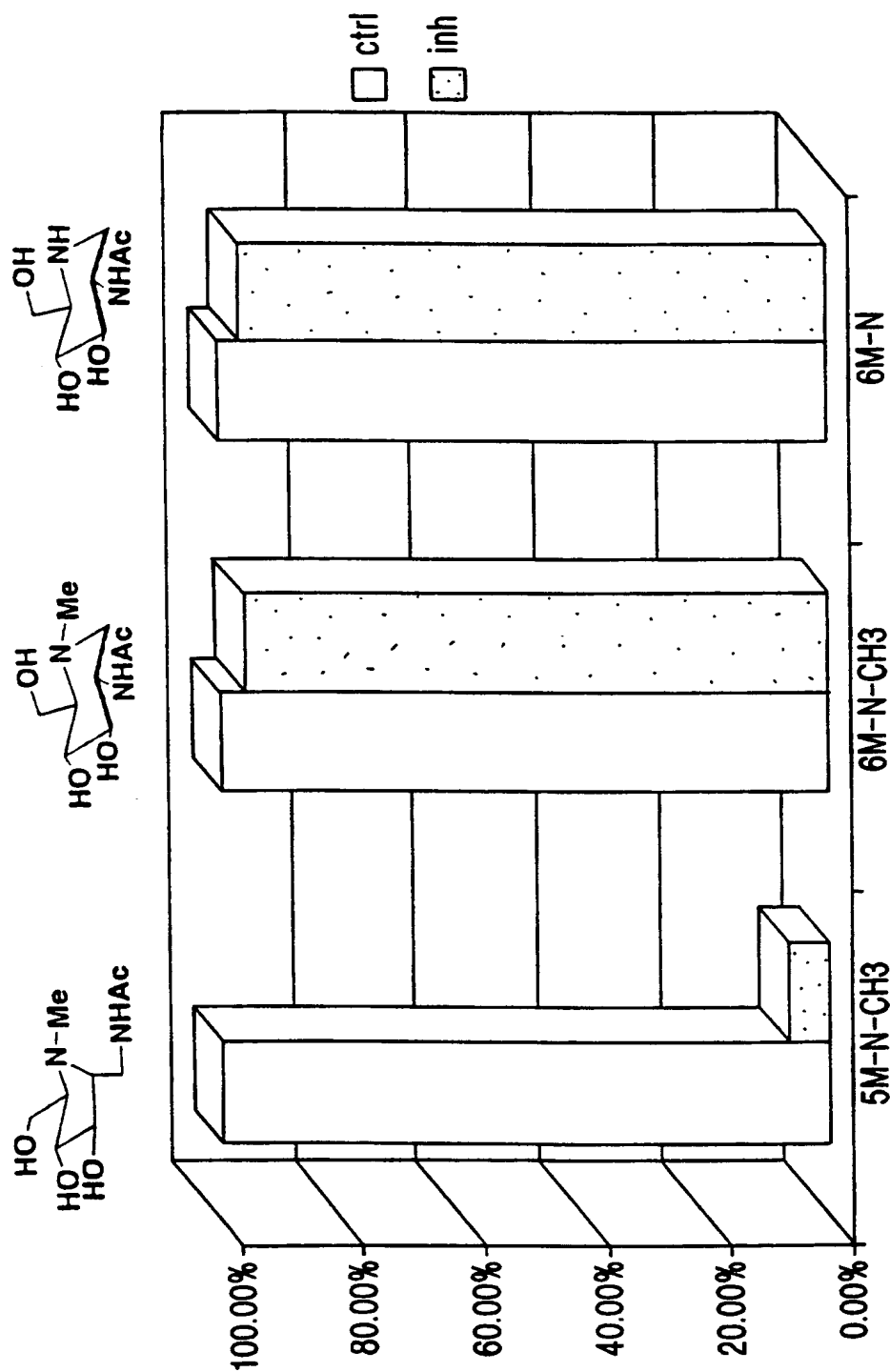
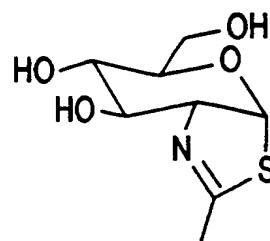
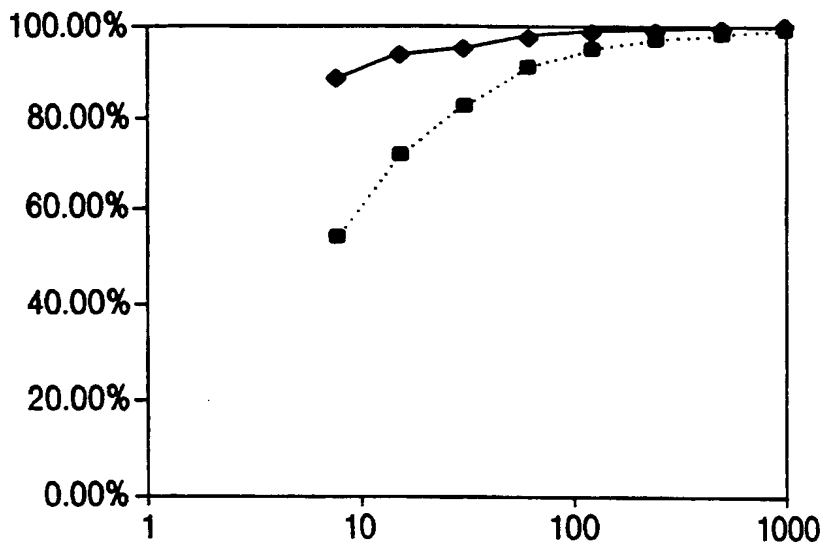


FIG. 12

13 / 20

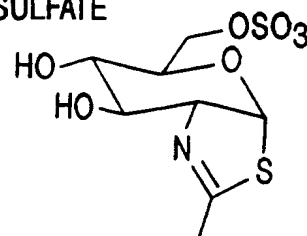
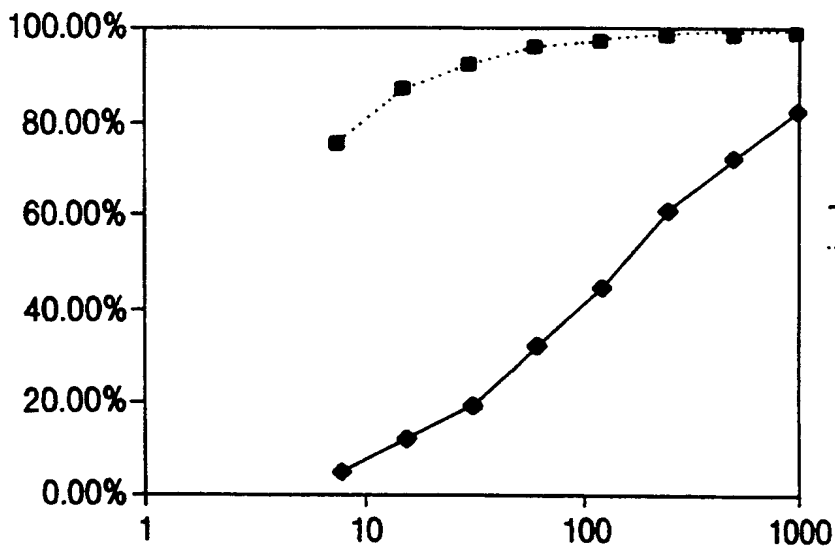
ENZYME - HUMAN PLACENTAL HEXOSAMINIDASE A  
INHIBITOR - N - ACETYLGLUCOSAMINE - THIAZOLINE



—◆— MUG  
- - - ■ - MUGS

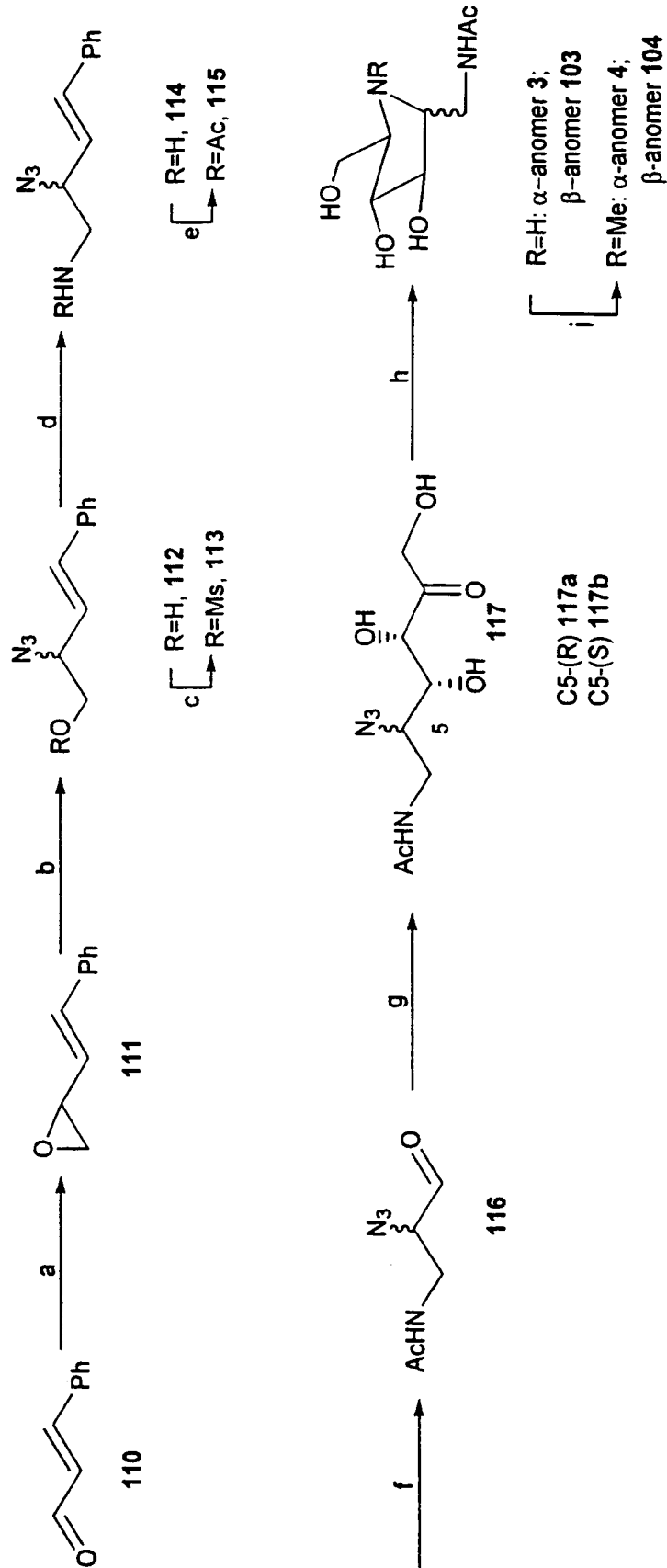
FIG. 13A

ENZYME - HUMAN PLACENTAL HEXOSAMINIDASE A  
INHIBITOR - N - ACETYLGLUCOSAMINE - THIAZOLINE - 6 SULFATE



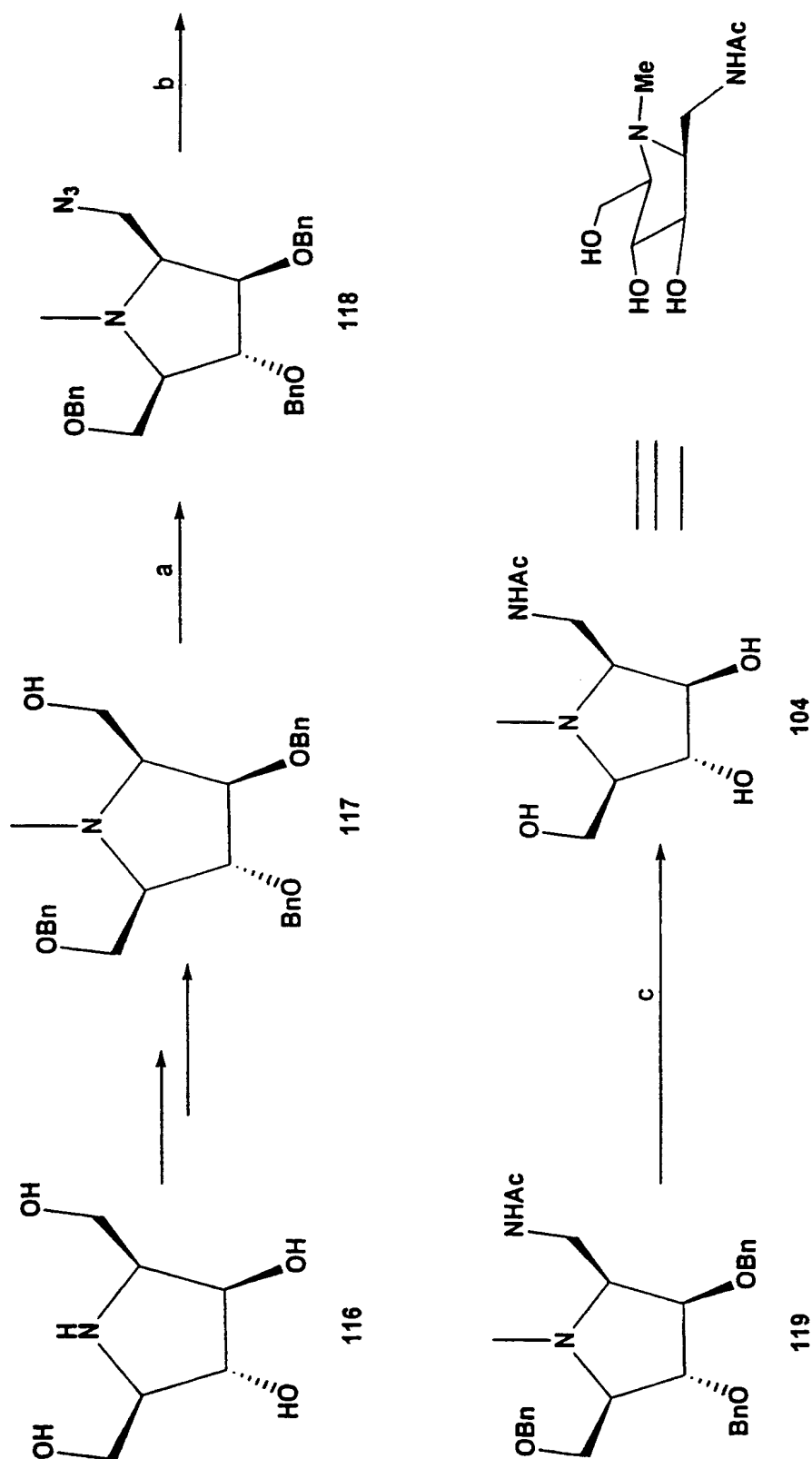
—◆— MUG  
- - - ■ - MUGS

FIG. 13B



**FIG. 14**

a.  $\text{Me}_3\text{S}^+\text{I}^-/\text{NaH}$ , DMSO/THF; b.  $\text{NaN}_3$ , acetone/ $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , 82% from **110**; c.  $\text{MsCl}$ , Pyr. 96%; d. HMTA,  $\text{NaI/EtOH}$ ;  $\text{HCl}$ , 65°C; e. isopropenyl acetate, 85% from **113**; f.  $\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_2\text{S}$ ; g. DHAP, RAMA,  $\text{pH}=6.5$ ; acid pase 37°C,  $\text{pH}=4.7$ ; 44% for (R), 30% for (S); h.  $\text{Pd-C/H}_2$ , 80%; i.  $\text{CH}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{Pd-C/H}_2$ , 90%.



**FIG. 15**

a.  $\text{MsCl}$ ,  $\text{Pyr}$ ,  $\text{NaN}_3$ ,  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , 87% for 2 steps; b.  $\text{PPh}_3$ ,  $\text{THF}$ ,  $\text{Ac}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{Pyr}$ , 87% from 118; c.  $\text{Pd-C/H}_2$  50 psi, 89%.

16 / 20

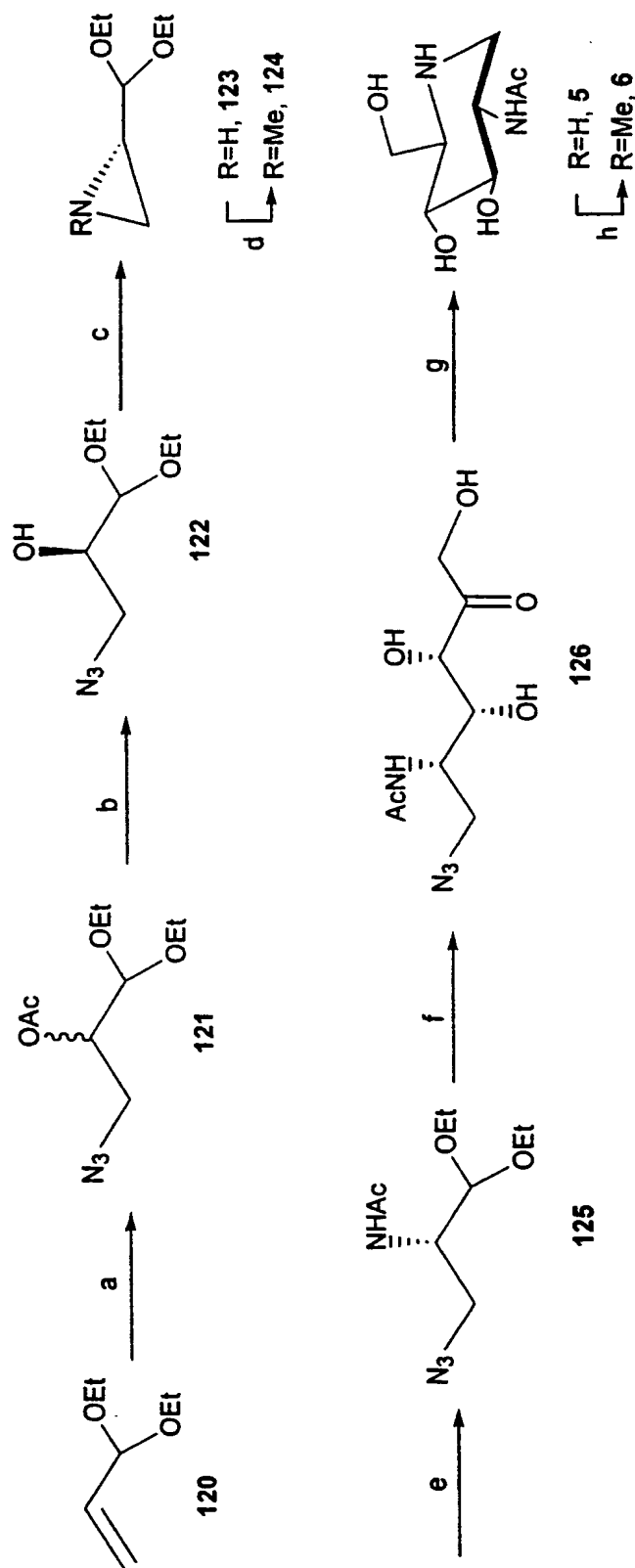
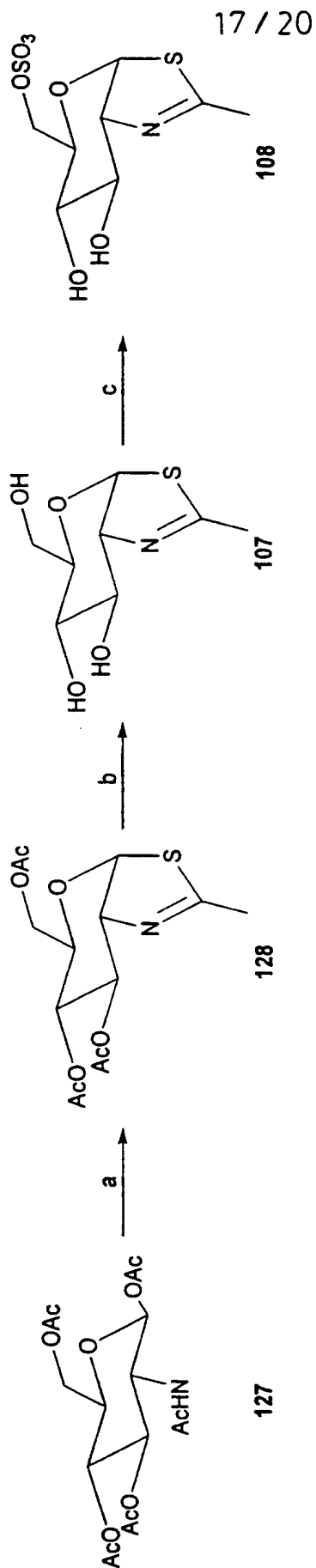


FIG. 16

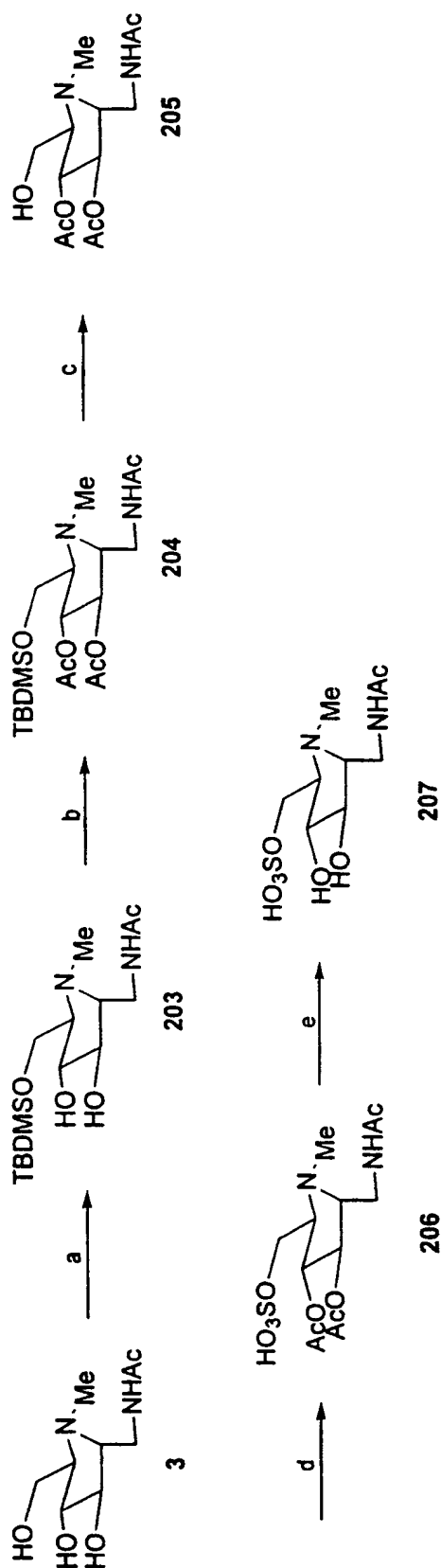
a.  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ , PhCN;  $\text{NaN}_3$ ,  $\text{NaCN}$ ,  $\text{Ac}_2\text{O}$ , Pyr. 76% for 3 steps; b. PS-80, pH=7.0, 45%, 98% ee; c.  $\text{Ph}_3\text{P}$ , toluene,  $120^\circ\text{C}$ ; d.  $\text{Ac}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$ , 30% for 2 steps; e.  $\text{NaN}_3$ ,  $\text{ZnCl}_2/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ , DMF  $75^\circ\text{C}$ , 62%; f. pH=1,  $45^\circ\text{C}$ ; DHAP, RAMA, pH=4.7, acid phase,  $37^\circ\text{C}$ , 55% for 3 steps; g. Pd-C/ $\text{H}_2$ , 87%;  $\text{CH}_2\text{O}$ , Pd-C/ $\text{H}_2$ , 92%.





a. Lawesson's reagent, toluene, 80°C; b. MeONa/MeOH, 85% for 2 steps; c. SO<sub>3</sub>·NMe<sub>3</sub>, Pyr. 0°C, 87%.

FIG. 17



a. TBDMSO, TEA, 0°C, DMF, overnight, 88%; b. Ac<sub>2</sub>O, Pyridine, 0°C-rt.; c. AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O/THF(5:1:3), 50°C. overnight, 75% for two steps; d. SO<sub>3</sub>/Pyr, pyridine, 25 °C. 82%; e. cat. MeONa, MeOH, 85%

FIG. 18

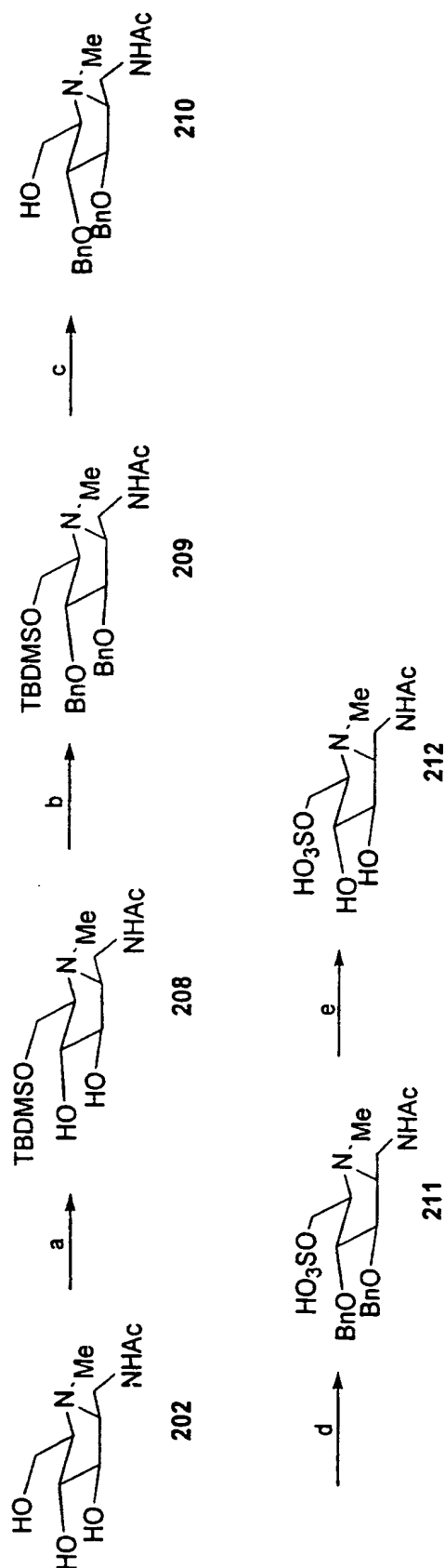
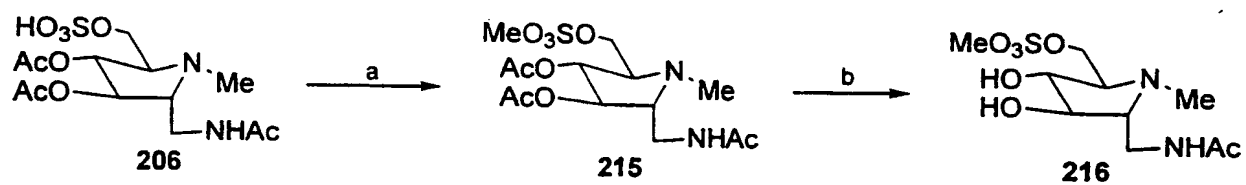


FIG. 19



a. MeOH, 50°C, 1h, 90%; b. MeONa (cat.), MeOH, 3h, 80%.

FIG. 20